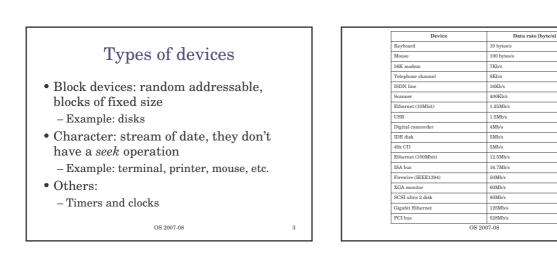
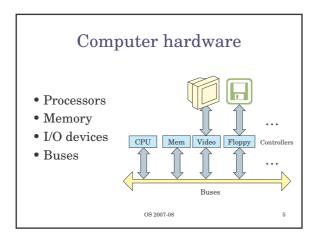
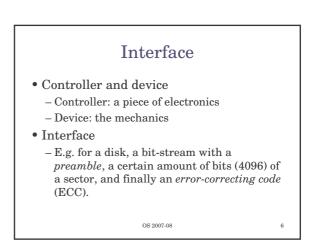


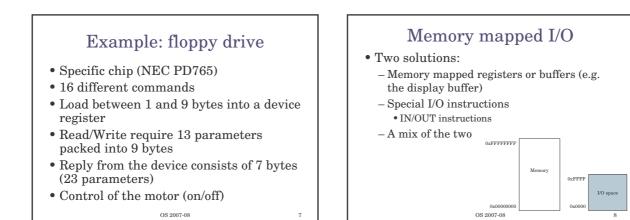
• The goal in designing the OS is to provide a uniform interface (e.g. if I replace my HD I'd like to see the same sort of filesystem)

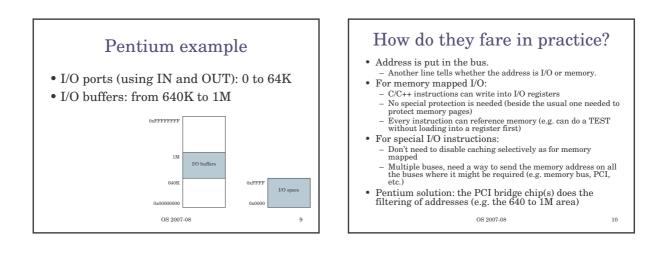
OS 2007-08

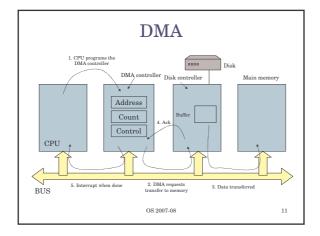


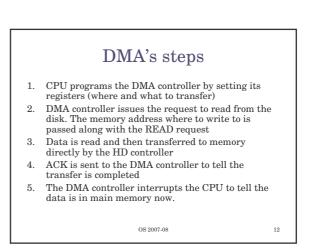


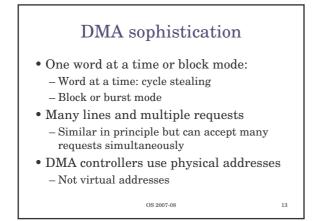


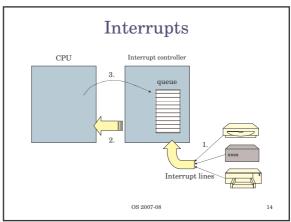


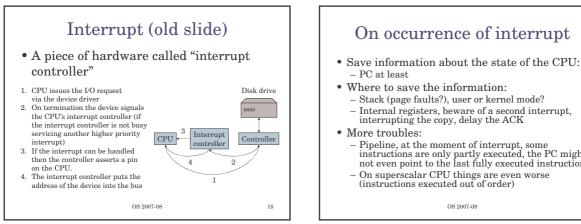


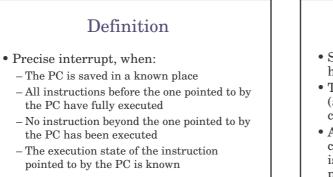








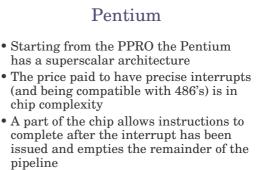




17

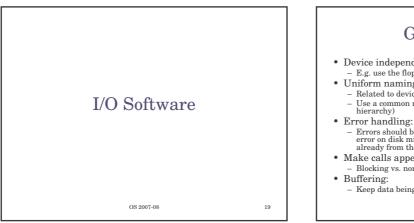
OS 2007-08

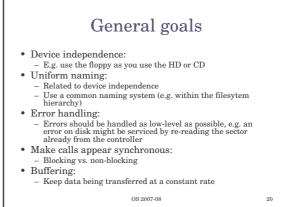
Pipeline, at the moment of interrupt, some instructions are only partly executed, the PC might not even point to the last fully executed instruction
On superscalar CPU things are even worse (instructions executed out of order)

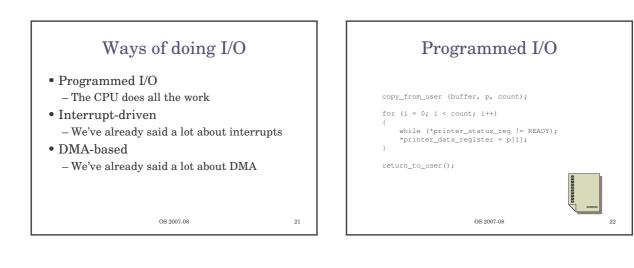


OS 2007-08

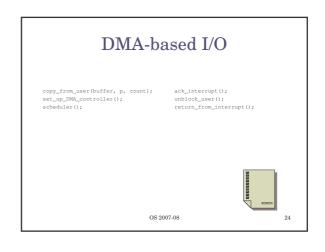
18

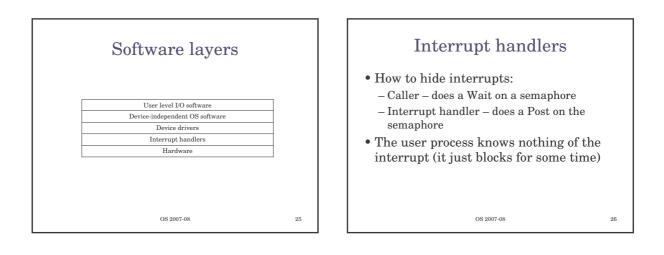


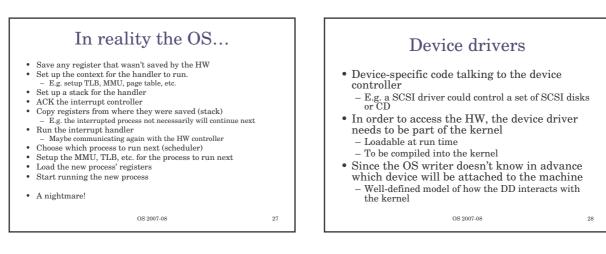




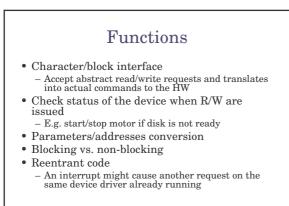
Interrupt-driven I/O	
<pre>copy_from_user(buffer, p, count);</pre>	if (count == 0)
<pre>enable_interrupts();</pre>	unblock_user(); }
while (*printer_status_reg!=READY);	else
<pre>*printer_data_register = p[0];</pre>	<pre>{ *printer_data_register = p[i];</pre>
scheduler();	<pre>printedettegister = p(r); count = count = 1; i = i + 1; }</pre>
	<pre>ack_interrupt(); return_from_interrupt();</pre>
OS 20	07-08 23







29



OS 2007-08

By the way...
Device drivers are a source of troubles

In fact, a buggy DD can interfere with the kernel leading to unpredictable results
Likely a system crash!

A nice architecture would see the DD not being part of the kernel

Microkernel architecture we mentioned some time ago



- Uniform interfacing
- Buffering
- Error reporting
- Allocating and releasing dedicated devices
- Providing device-independent block size

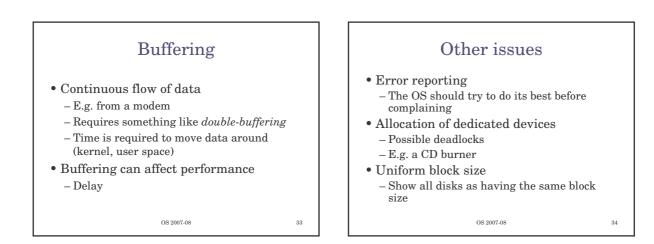
OS 2007-08

Uniform interfacing

- Required, otherwise how could the OS call the DD?
- Not all devices are identical, but... – There is a finite number of classes though
- Protection
 - $-\operatorname{E.g.}$ it is better not to leave anyone the control of the printer

OS 2007-08

32



31

